LEVEL II PREPARATORY PRACTICE TESTS	
1. What is equal protection?	
A. Immunity from treating defendants	
B. A constitutional guarantee against a	
o% second prosecution C. A constitutional guarantee that	
100% guarantees that every person enjoys D. A general law that guarantees that	
defendants have a right to be	
2. What is due process?	
Δ Δ course of legal proceedings	
according to rules and principles B. The law in its regular course of	
administration through courts of justice	
C. The exercise of power under safeguards for the protection of individual rights	
D. All of the above 67%	

3. What type of immunity do ministerial and administrative duties have? 67% A. Absolute 33% B. Qualified 0% C. Personal 0% D. No immunity	
4. Under the American with Disabilities Act (ADA), how is a person with a disability defined? 67% A. A person with a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits B. A person with a record of an impairment C. A person who is regarded as having impairment D. All of the above	
5. When can personal information about jurors be released? A. Anytime the public requests B. The information is confidential and can never be released C. The judge may release after application by a party in the D. It can be released only to certain persons under the Texas Rules of Evidence	

6. What is the intent of the]
Code of Judicial Conduct?	
A Provide basic standards for judges to	
establish and maintain high	
B. To sanction judges who violate certain	
ethical standards	
C. To government judges' behavior while own conducting trials only	
D. To provide the State with a means of	
ow review judges' decisions	
	7
7. What happens if a clerk violates a	
Canon of the Code of Judicial	
Conduct?	
A. The clerk may be sanctioned by the	
Commission on Judicial Conduct	
B. The judge may be sanction by the Commission on Judicial Conduct	
C. The clerk may be removed from office	
67% by the judge	
D. All of the above	
33%	
Γ	٦
8. When may a judge listen to	
an ex parte communication?	
67% A. Uncontested administrative matters	
R Magistrate duties and functions	
C. Following a plea of holo contendere or	
33% guilty for a fine-only offense	
0% D. All of the above	

9. What is affinity? 33% A. A degree of relationship by blood 67% B. A degree of relationship by marriage 0% C. When judges must recuse themselves 0% D. All of the above	
10. When a court adjudicates a case, it means the court: 0% A. Grants deferred disposition 100% B. Makes a determination and formal pronouncement of judgment 0% C. Asks the defendant for a plea 0% D. Finds the defendant indigent	
11. What is an affiant? M. A person who complains about a neighbor's loud noise B. A person who commits an offense C. A person who has reason to believe that a person committed an offense and swears to a complaint D. All of the above	

12. What is municipal court jurisdiction over theft of service? 67% A. Less than \$50 0% B. Less than \$40 0% C. Less than \$30 33% D. Less than \$20	
13. What must all complaints allege? 33% A. A culpable mental state 33% B. A specific location C. A pecuniary loss D. A date of on or about when the offense occurred	
14. What is a jurat? 33% A. The signature of the affiant swearing and signing the complaint B. The certificate of the person administering the oath to the person C. The certificate of the person certifying that a record is a true and correct D. None of the above	

	45 Miles and the state of the s	
	15. When can a defendant be charged with the offense of failure to appear?	
67%	A. After being summoned to court	
0%	B. After defaulting on payment of fine C. After failing to appear after being	
33%	arrested D. All of the above	
0%		
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	16. When can a municipal judge take a plea?	
0%	A. When a defendant is issued a citation	
0%	B. When a code enforcement officer investigates a city ordinance violation	
100%	That we entitle a than the edant	
0%	D. All of the above	
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	17. A motion to quash means	
	that the defendant is A. Asking the court to set aside and	
67%	dismiss the complaint B. Asking the court for permission to	
0%	amend the complaint C. Asking the judge to recuse himself or	
0%	herself D. None of the above	
33%		

18. Who has authority to request and accept a plea and set fines? 100% A. Judge 0% B. City Council 0% C. Mayor 0% D. All of the above	
19. When must a judge enter a judgment? 0% A. Payment of fine and costs 0% B. Plea of guilty or nolo contendere 0% C. Finding of guilty 100% D. All of the above	
20. What is voir dire? 33% A. A motion stating that the jurors were selected with a bias B. A request for a legal exemption from jury duty C. Questioning of jurors under oath about their qualifications to sit on a jury D. A request for a jury charge	

21. What is a challenge to the array? 33% A. A request to shuffle jurors 0% B. A motion to withdraw request for jury trial C. A challenge to the court process D. A motion stating that the jurors were selected with a bias	
22. When can a prosecutor charge a defendant with the offense of violation of promise to appear? A. Anytime a citation has been issued and the defendant fails to appear who is charged with Subtitle C, C. When a defendant has been summoned for a city ordinance D. All of the above	
23. What is the purpose of the Code Construction Act? M. Aid in understanding statutes B. Provides guidance on construction of words and phrases C. Helps courts to ascertain and enforce the legislative intent of statutes D. All of the above	

	24. What is the Rule of the	
	Specific?	
67%	A. If a statute specifically refers to a	
07 /6	specific court that rule law applies to	
33%	B. If there are two provisions that seem to cover the same topic but one is	
0%	C. If a law is passed by the Legislature at a	
	later date, the law last passed controls	
0%	D. All of the above	
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	25. Which statutes contain rules	
	regarding pleas and appearances	
	for municipal court defendants?	
33%	A. Chapter 45 and Article 27.14, C.C.P.	
33%	B. Chapter 4 and Article 49.02, C.C.P.	-
0%	C. Chapters 24 and 15 D. All of the above	
33%	D. All of the above	
<u> </u>		
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	26. Which statutes contain	
	rules regarding municipal court	
	appeals?	
0%	A. Chapters 4 and 5	
33%	B. Chapters 19 and 20	
33%	D. All of the above	
55 /6		

27. When researching Penal Code offenses, with what should the clerk be concerned? 0% A. What has been harmed 0% B. How much harm has occurred 67% C. Definitions of words in the Penal Code 33% D. All of the above	
28. What is an inchoate offense? 0% A. A disorderly conduct offenses B. A culpable mental state C. An attempted criminal act but the act 100% was not completed 0% D. None of the above	
29. What is venue? 0% A. An ordinance 33% B. Location 67% C. A state law 0% D. A fine-only offense	

30. What is the purpose of	
bail?	
0% A. Guarantee payment of fine100% B. Guarantee appearance in court	
0% C. Guarantee case is filed in court	
0% D. All of the above	
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31. What is a judgment nisi?	
0% A. A final judgment in a criminal case	
0% B. A temporary order of continuance	
C. An affidavit that defendant's name was called outside the courtroom	
100% D. A temporary order that will become final unless the defendant has good	
illiai dilless the deteridant has good	
22 When are a surety be	
When can a surety be released from liability on a	
bond?	
A. After filing affidavit of intention to surrender principal on the bond	
B. After the warrant of arrest is issued for the principal on the bond	
C. After the surety files an affidavit with the court that the defendant is in custody	
D. All of the above	
33%	

33. When a defendant who has bail posted with the court fails to answer docket call, what must a court do? 33% A. Call the defendant's name distinctly at the courthouse door B. Declare a bond forfeiture C. Issue a capias for the defendant D. All of the above	
34. What rules govern bond forfeitures? 0% A. The Texas Rules of Civil Procedure 100% B. The Texas Rules of Criminal Procedure 0% C. The Common Law Right Procedures 0% D. None of the above	
35. Which of the following offenses does municipal court have jurisdiction over if the defendant is younger than 17 years of age? 0% A. Failure to attend school 67% B. Public intoxication 33% C. Leaving the scene of an accident 0% D. All of the above	

36. What is the definition of a child in Chapter 45 of the Code of Criminal Procedure? A. A person who is at least age 6 and under the age of 17 B. A person who is at least age 10 and under the age of 17 C. A person who is under the age of 17 (no minimum age) D. A person who is at least age 13 and under the age of 18	
37. What may a court do if an attorney appears in court to represent a child defendant? 33% A. Waive the presence of the parents 0% B. Waive the presence of the child 0% C. Handle the case through the mail 67% D. None of the above	
38. Who may issue and who may serve a summons for the parents of a juvenile? 100% A. A judge issues and a peace officer serves 0% B. A clerk may issue and serve C. A prosecutor may issue and a clerk may serve D. All of the above	

	39. Which code contains		
	specific handling provisions for		
0%	defendants under age 17? A. The Code of Criminal Procedure		
67% 33%	B. The Alcoholic Beverage Code C. The Penal Code		
0%	D. None of the above		
	40. W		
	40. When is the court required to waive jurisdiction over a		
00/	juvenile defendant? A. When the defendant is charged with		
0%	possession of drug paraphernalia B. When there are two prior convictions		
100%	C. When the defendant has been		
0%	granted deferred disposition for two D. All of the above		
0%			
	41 When is the court required		
	41. When is the court required to notify the child and parent		
	of the child's right to an expunction?		
33%	A. When the child is charged with penal offenses and the offense of failure		
0%	B. When the child is charged with and Alcoholic Beverage Code offense		
0%	C. When the child is charged with a tobacco offense		
67%	D. All of the above		

0% 0% 0% 100%	 42. What should be included in a sound financial management system? A. A means to safeguard assets B. A reliable and timely bookkeeping and accounting data, and reports C. Efficient operation and adherence to prescribed laws and regulations, D. All of the above 	
33% 0% 33% 33%	43. What is the purpose of internal control? A. To prevent errors B. To require more audits C. To safeguard assets and protect people who do their job D. All of the above	
0% 67% 33% 0%	 44. What are the basic principles of internal control? A. Separate bank accounts for each fund B. Appropriate division of duties; qualified personnel; sound, written procedures C. Announced periodic audits D. None of the above 	

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	45. How should a person who	
	receives a change fund every day handle the change fund?	
0%	A. Make sure the amount is different every day	
	B. Use money from the change fund to	
0%	balance receipts C. Sign a receipt for the amount received	
100%		
100 /0	D. Make sure the change fund has	
0%	sufficient money in it for petty cash	-
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	46. What are the basic	
	guidelines for handling receipts?	
33%	A. A receipt should be issued for each	
	B. Receipts should periodically be	
0%	accounted for	
0%	C. Receipts should be signed for by person receiving them	
	D. All of the above	
67%		
		7
	47 What is the purpose of a	
	47. What is the purpose of a well-managed records	
	management system?	
33%	A. It is essential to administering justice	
	B. The purpose is to ensure that juvenile	
0%	records are kept confidential C. It is essential to determining case	
33%	disposition after trial	
220/	D. The purpose is to determine how to budget money for the court	
33%	233get meney for the count	

	40. 14%	
	48. What is records management?	
33%	A. Economical and efficient creation, organization, use, maintenance, and	
0%	B. Systematic control of recorded information	
0%	C. Active supervision and control of records D. All of the above	
67%		-
	49. What are the six stages of	
	a record's cycle?	
0%	A. Plan, develop, test, monitor, train personnel, and develop a records manual	
33%	B. Creation, distribution, use, maintenance, storage, disposition	
67%	C. Develop, file, manage, disposition, archive, destroy	
	D. None of the above	
0%		
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	50. What is a Gantt chart?	
	A. A chart used to develop the six stages	
0%	of a record's cycle	
0%	B. A chart used to follow the active stage of a case	
67%	C. A chart used to show planned times for tasks and actual dates of completion	
	D. A chart used to decide the goals of a records management program	
33%		

52. Which of the following types of law affect municipal court? % A. Administrative law % C. Case law 33% D. All of the above 53. What is stare decisis? A. A legal concept that requires courts to adhere to administrative law B. A legal concept that municipal court jurisdiction is only over fine-only	00/	51. What do the steps to develop a records management program include? A. Determine what the court wants to accomplish B. Set goals and objectives C. Establish record retention periods D. All of the above	
of law affect municipal court? 0% A. Administrative law 67% B. Statutory law 0% C. Case law 33% D. All of the above 53. What is stare decisis? A. A legal concept that requires courts to adhere to administrative law B. A legal concept that municipal court			
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A. A legal concept that requires courts to adhere to administrative law B. A legal concept that municipal court	0%	C. Case law	
A. A legal concept that requires courts to adhere to administrative law B. A legal concept that municipal court			
A. A legal concept that requires courts to adhere to administrative law B. A legal concept that municipal court			
A. A legal concept that requires courts to adhere to administrative law B. A legal concept that municipal court			
A. A legal concept that requires courts to adhere to administrative law B. A legal concept that municipal court			
adhere to administrative law B. A legal concept that municipal court		53. What is stare decisis?	
	0%	adhere to administrative law	
C. A legal principal that states the		jurisdiction is only over fine-only	
o% decision of a court is a binding D. A legal principal that provides courts	1	decision of a court is a binding D. A legal principal that provides courts	
guidance on how to interpret statutes	33%	guidance on how to interpret statutes	

54. What is ratio decidendi? 33% A. It is the holding or the principle of law on which a case is decided B. It is a legal principle that allows for Texas to have a bi-furcated high court C. It is the idea that courts are able to make decision about the law D. All of the above	
55. The court of last resort in Texas that hears criminal appeals is called? 0% A. County court at law 0% B. Texas Supreme Court 100% C. Texas Court of Criminal Appeals 0% D. None of the above	
56. Rules created by agencies such as the Department of Public Safety and the Texas Parks and Wildlife Commission are which type of law? 0% A. Statutory 0% B. Case 100% C. Administrative 0% D. None of the above	

57. Which of the following is defined as any published source of law that sets forth rules, legal doctrine or that can be used as a basis for legal decisions? 67% A. Legal authority 33% B. Case law 0% C. Legal research 0% D. All of the above	
58. Which of the following abbreviations identifies that the court case is from Texas? 0% A. L.Ed.2d 0% B. S.W.3d 0% C. S.Ct. 100% D. All of the above	
59. The Name Tag Rule states that: 33% A. When two laws conflict, the most recent passed prevails 33% B. Title headings do not limit or expand a sections meaning 33% C. If a statute clearly identifies the court to which it applies, then it applies to that 0% D. None of the above	

60. What is the common term for a proposed law? 67% A. Bill 0% B. Session laws 0% C. Committee report 33% D. None of the above	
61. When amending a bill, which of the following indicates that language is to be deleted or changed? 0% A. Underlining 100% B. Strike-thru 0% C. Bolding 0% D. All of the above	
62. What does In Re mean when used in a case title or case name? 0% A. That there were no adversary parties B. That a special proceeding was involved 67% C. In lieu of 0% D. All of the above	

0% 0% 100% 0%	63. Which of the following types of opinions disagrees with the results and the reasoning of the majority? A. Plurality B. Majority C. Dissenting D. None of the above
67% 0% 0% 33%	64. Who is authorized by statute to request an attorney general opinion? A. The chairman of the governing board of a river authority B. The regent of a state educational institution C. The Governor D. All of the above
0% 67% 0% 33%	65. How are bound copies of law are updated? A. Pocket parts B. Statute attachments C. Slip opinions D. All of the above

66. The hard drive or hard disk within a computer is a: 0% A. Chip that stores data only for processing 33% B. External storage data C. Fixed disk that stores information long-term D. Disk that performs calculations within the computer	
67. Which of the following is defined as a data disks? 67% A. CD-ROM 0% B. DVD-ROM 33% C. DVD-RW 0% D. All of the above	
68. When using social media sites, the court clerk: 0% A. Is not bound by the same ethical 100% concerns that the judge has to follow. 0% B. Has taken proper precautions if he or she does not use the sites at work. C. Must be aware that information posted on these sites could become public and reflect on the court D. All of the above.	

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	40 Which of the following is	
	69. Which of the following is true about chat sites?	-
0%	A. They forward electronic mail	
0%	B. They transfer files between downloading computers	
0 76	C. They send electronic mail messages to	
0%	everyone on the list	
100%	D. Thoy allow usors to talk in roal time	
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	70. In order to access a website, the user	
	must know the website address, a set of	
	letters or words. A website address in its true	
	state is a set of numbers and dots. What	
	are the numbers and dots commonly called?	
100%	6 A. IP Address	
0%	B. Domain name server	
0%	C. Hyperlink	
0%	D. All of the above	
"		
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	71. Which of the following e-mail formats is the standard suggested by the Judicial	
	Committee on Information Technology	
	(JCIT)?	
0%	A. courtclerk@(courtname).ci.(cityname).tx.us	
0% 100%	B. tellittothejudge@(courtname).ci.(cityname).tx.us C. (username)@(courtname).ci.(cityname).tx.us	
0%	D. (username)@ (courtname).ci.(cityname).edu	

	72. Which of the following	
	should a case management software do (at a minimum)?	
0%	A. Allow court to monitor cases as they	
0%	move through the system B. Allow for financial reports to be pulled	
	C. Allow for complaints, courtesy letters,	-
0%	and jury notices to be processed D. All of the above	
100%		
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	73. What company provides the	
0701	payment option "Quick Collect?"	-
67% 33%	A. Western Union B. Department of Public Safety	
0%	C. OmniBase	
0%	D. All of the above	
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	74. A system that allows the public to	
	obtain information about their case status by dialing a local phone	
	number is called a:	
	A. Interactive Voice Responder System	
0% 0%	B. Fax-on-demand System C. Kiosks	-
0%	D. All of the above	

75. What is the study of the way the body moves and works most efficiently and safely? 0% A. Recess 100% B. Ergonomics 0% C. Labor day 0% D. All of the above	
76. What does the term "download" refer to? M. To start up a computer B. To transfer to your computer a copy of a files that resides on another computer C. Security measures designed to protect a network D. None of the above	
77. A scanner is a: 0% A. The communications port to which a serial device can be attached 0% B. A computer program that modifies how certain aspects of the computer work 100% C. A device that transfers printed documents into a digital file 0% D. None of the above	