Courts, Communities, & Classrooms: Educating the Public About the Law

CODE OF JUDICIAL CONDUCT



Canon 1

Upholding the Integrity and Independence of the Judiciary

An independent and honorable judiciary is indispensable to justice in our society. A judge should participate in establishing, maintaining and enforcing high standards of conduct, and should personally observe those standards so that the integrity and independence of the judiciary is preserved. The provisions of this Code are to be construed and applied to further that objective.

Canon 2

Avoiding Impropriety and the Appearance of Impropriety in ALL of the Judge's Activities

A. A judge **SHALL** comply with the law and should act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the integrity and impartiality of the judiciary.

B. A judge **SHALL** not allow any relationship to influence judicial conduct or judgment. A judge shall no lend the prestige of judicial office to advance the private interests of the judge or others.

Canon 3

Performing the Duties of Judicial Office Impartially and Diligently

A. Judicial Duties in General.

The judicial duties of a judge take precedence over all the judge's other activities. Judicial duties include all the duties of the judge's office prescribed by law.

Canon 4

Conducting the Judge's Extra-Judicial Activities to Minimize the Risk of Conflic with Judicial Obligations

A. Extra-Judicial Activities in General.

A judge **SHALL** conduct all of the judge's extra-judicial activities so that they do not:

(1) cast reasonable doubt on the judge's capacity to act impartially as a judge; or

(2) interfere with the proper performance of judicial duties.

Canon 4

B. Activities to Improve the Law A judge MAY:

(1) speak, write, lecture, teach and participate in extra-judicial activities concerning the law, the legal system, the administration of justice and non-legal subjects, subject to the requirements of this Code.

Canon 4

B. Activities to Improve the Law A judge MAY:

(2) serve as a member, officer or director of an organization or governmental agency devoted to the improvement of the law, the legal system or the administration of justice.... He or she may make recommendations to public and private fund-granting agencies on projects and programs concerning the law, the legal system and the administration of justice.

Canon 5 Refraining From Inappropriate Political Activity

(1) A judge or judicial candidate **SHALL** not:

(i) make pledges or promises of conduct in office regarding pending or impending cases, specific classes of cases, specific classes of litigants, or specific propositions of law that would suggest to a reasonable person that the judge is predisposed to a probable decision in cases within the scope of the pledge.

PUBLIC OUTREACH

So ... what may a judge do? and What have you done?

DEATH BOOK

In Memory of....

Matthew Blake is dead at the age of 17 – he was exceeding the posted speed limit, hit another vehicle and died in the crash.









From Courtroom to Classrooms The Court's Involvement in Public Schools

- ☐ Each Year over <u>5,000</u> teens ages 16 to 20 die due to fatal injuries caused car accidents.
- ☐ About <u>400,000</u> drivers age 16 to 20 will be seriously injured.
- ☐ For 16 to 19 year olds, the risk of being involved in a car accident is higher than it is for any other age group. For each mile driven, teen drivers ages 16 to 19 are about <u>FOUR</u> times more likely than other drivers to crash.

From Courtroom to Classrooms The Court's Involvement in Public **Schools**

MTSI Statistics

- ☐ Young drivers between the ages of 15 and 20, comprise 6.5% of the licensed population
 - · High number injured or killed due to speed, DUI, failure to wear seat belt and other poor driving habits.
- $\hfill \square$ Motor vehicle crashes are the leading cause of death of 15-20 year olds.
- □ NHTSA reported that 23% of the young drivers between the ages of 15 and 20, who were killed in crashes, had a BAC of .08 or higher.

From Courtroom to Classrooms

The Court's Involvement in Public Schools

- ☐ Texas Municipal Judges > 36 % state judiciary.
- On daily basis
 - · More citizen contact
 - Then all Texas Courts combined.
 - Majority: Traffic Safety
- ☐ Driving on the Right Side of the Road (DRSR)
 - curriculum developed with the Texas State Bar and TMCEC
 - Opportunity for Judiciary to play a meaningful role
 - · discussing the law and traffic safety issues
 - Texas public schools students.

From Courtroom to Classrooms

The Court's Involvement in Public Schools

- ☐ DRSR
 - series of lessons for social studies classes
 Law Related Education (LRE)
 Colorful and interactive
 - elementary, secondary, and high school levels
 - · focus on citizenship education and traffic safety.
- ☐ Municipal judges and court personnel
 - materials on the TMCEC website
 - Offer to participate in classroom as resource persons.
 - providing real life or hypothetical examples,
 - accurate descriptions of law
 - · serve as positive role models

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From Courtroom to Classrooms The Court's Involvement in Public Schools

☐ Who is the BEST expert in your city on traffic safety laws?

• <u>YOU !!!!</u>

- ☐ TMCEC has established
- $\hfill \square$ speaker's bureau of judges and court personnel
- □ Volunteer:
 - · DRSR brochure,
 - form distributed
 - TMCEC's Traffic Safety Grant Administrator.



www.tmcec.com

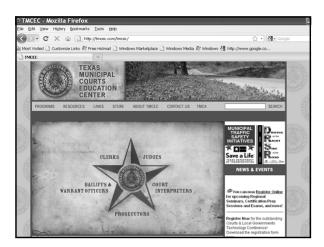
Click on...

DRSR

Then...

Teaching Materials

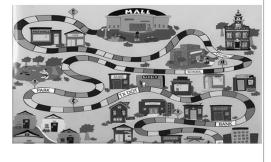


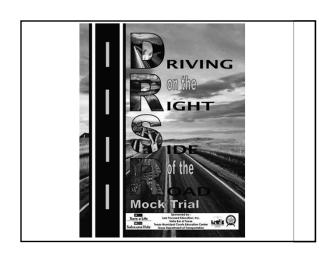


"Our Town" Map
"Our Town"
Map
of Do's
and Don'ts



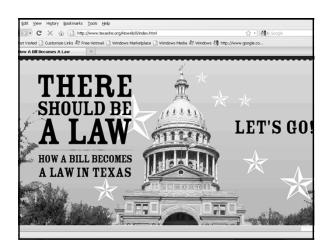
Rules of the Road TxDOT Land





Pick Six Online Computer Game





Helpful Links

□Websites

- www.drsr.info
- www.texaslre.org
- www.tmcec.com



☐Goofy and *Motor M*ania: www.youtube.com/watch?v=mZAZ_xu0D Cg



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